ILA Ties Up NY for 3 Days
In Ire Over Fink Commission

WASHINGTON, D. C.—A survey of the Bill of Rights, "amendment by amendment and clause by clause," will be undertaken by the Senate Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights in order to determine to what extent the guaranteed individual rights are being respected and enforced, said Senator Senator John M. O'Mahoney (D-Iowa), chairman of the Subcommittee, at a meeting Tuesday afternoon.

The other members of the Subcommittee are Senator Joseph C. O'Mahoney (D-Mass.) and Senator William Langer (R-N.D.).

A special committee is to be appointed by the Senate to study the question of constitutional rights and to make recommendations to the Senate. The committee will be composed of the Chief of the Civil War amendment.

The method of procedure will be for the Subcommittee to call expert witnesses to make expository statements on the whole field covered by a specific right—for example, the freedom of religious worship and to indicate any speciﬁc problem under that right that calls for intensive investigation. When the Subcommittee deems it necessary to do so.

Senator O'Mahoney released the text of the Subcommittee's instructions to its staff for the conduct of the survey of constitutional rights. These instructions call for the examination of the rights under the first ten amendments to the Constitution, to be followed by an examination of the rights under the Constitution and later by an examination of the Civil War amendments.

"This action," the statement said, "is in line with our policy in our negotiations with other employers in northern California. However, we want to make clear that in stopping the clock the union has not and will not submerge any of its principles."
Time for a Brake

"And If I May Say So, I've Never Been Good to My Mother"

ON THE BEAM

Fame Came to Telford

Editor’s Note: Mr. Bridges is on vacation. His column will be resumed upon his return.

Telford Taylor, New York attorney who has been a prime mover in two Bridges victories, has picked an economical approach to his forty-seven years of life.

His successful argument before the US Supreme Court in 1953, which aided materially in that court’s reversal of the Bridges-Buchanan Schmidt conviction and his pleading of the fifth Bridges case before Federal Judge Louis E. Goodman this year—which ended in Judge’s throwing out the government’s case—brought Taylor to national and international prominence.

But even before he was associated with the defense of ILWU president the distinguished young attorney had made a name for himself.

HONOURED BY USA

Born in Schenectady, New York in 1908, Taylor was graduated from Williams College with a bachelor’s degree in 1930 and a law degree from Harvard at the age of 24.

The young attorney’s first employment was as a law clerk to US Circuit Judge in 1933 and he then moved into government employment in the US Department of the Interior, the Agricultural Adjustment Administration, the US Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce. The just-published “World War II” was serving as general counsel for the Federal Communications Commission.

In 1942 Taylor entered the US Army with a commission as a major in Intelligence and went overseas the following year.

His rise in the Army was swift. He became a general staff officer in that same year and served on the general staff late in 1943 with assignment of military intelligence officer for the European Theatre of Operations.

It was in the immediate post-war period that the first movers in international law entered the field of legal practice. Taylor first entered to international prominence when he was appointed deputy to US Supreme Court Justice Black for the Nuremberg trial of the Nazi War Criminals.

In 1945, he succeeded Jackson as chief of counsel for the war crimes following the Nuremberg Trial of the Nazi War Criminals. Taylor married Mary Eleanor Andrade in 1937 and they have three children.

Here will be found accusations of “subversive activity” when the suspect was all 8 years old.

And yet on just such allegations men have been thrown out of the Army without honor and workers have been fired from life-long honorable employment.

Both reports, as well as the new Senate subcommittee, will go far to change the atmosphere even more—back to respect for the constitutional rights of the people of the United States being respected and enforced— which is another way of saying, the extent to which they have been violated, ignored and trampeled upon.

And it has already made it plain that it will lay major emphasis on the fact that there are certain areas within which Congress may not legislate—and therefore may not investigate.

Among these areas—violated by many watch hunting bodies—have been the rights of free speech, free press and free assembly of separation of church and state; of freedom from unreasonable search and seizure, invasion of privacy and deprivation of property without due process of law.

For thousands have been snared and scores have already been sent to prison for standing squarely in front of their constitutio

EVEN BEFORE THE NEW Senate subcommittee started to function, two major reports were issued on violations of our traditional liberties.

Both were financed by the Fund for the Republic, which is administered by Dr. Robert Hutchins, head of the Ford Foundation.

One is entitled: "The Drafter and Internal Security": the other, "Case Studies in Personnel Security." These two reports are forth coming at the head of these columns.

And for once here is a congressional committee that—before it even begins to function—issues a set of instructions to its staff, setting forth rules by which its investigations are to be conducted.

THE NEW SUBCOMMITTEE is charged with surveying "the extent to which the loyalty-security program to date is operating..." which is another way of saying, the extent to which it has been violated, ignored and trampled upon.

And it has already made it plain that it will lay major emphasis on the fact that there are certain areas within which Congress may not legislate—and therefore may not investigate.

Among these areas—violated by many watch hunting bodies—have been the rights of free speech, free press and free assembly of separation of church and state; of freedom from unreasonable search and seizure, invasion of privacy and deprivation of property without due process of law.

For thousands have been snared and scores have already been sent to prison for standing squarely in front of their constitutional rights and refusing answers to the interrogators. It is time for a brake on this idiocy.
How a Newspaper Distorts the Record

The Columbus Dispatch (Columbus is the capital of Ohio) doesn't like the Goodman decision in the Bridges case and in its eagerness to urge the government to appeal, it outrageously distorts the record to smear not only Harry Bridges, but President Roosevelt and the New Deal as well.

The "secret quickie" proceedings by which the Columbus Dispatch says Bridges was granted citizenship happened to take from June 23, 1945, when Bridges applied for it, until September 17, 1945, when it was granted in open court.

REPORTERS PRESENT

Reporters and photographers were present both times and just about every newspaper and magazine in the land carried full reports, even including the Columbus Dispatch.

President Roosevelt's "sweeping wartime emergency powers," which the Dispatch says he used to grant citizenship for Bridges died when Roosevelt died on April 12, 1945—more than two months before Bridges applied for citizenship.

As to the late President and Labor Secretary Perkins endorsing his application as "essential to the war effort," the Columbus Dispatch gets mixed up on dates. FDR was dead and Madame Perkins had been succeeded as Labor Secretary by L. B. Schwellbach almost a full month before the application.

The Columbus Dispatch on August 1 editorially distorted facts to smear Bridges, Roosevelt and the New Deal.

How Secret Can You Get?

This fat scrap book is laden with clippings from papers all over the United States on just two news events—Harry Bridges' application for citizenship on June 23, 1945, and his naturalization on September 17, 1945. (Apparently the Columbus Dispatch doesn't read the papers.)

The Big Lie

This is how the Columbus Dispatch on August 1 editorially distorted facts to smear Bridges, Roosevelt and the New Deal.

Fisher, Taft-Hartley Victim, Gets Wide Support from ILWU Members

EVERETT, Wash.—Al Fisher, former official of the International Woodworkers of America, who is fighting a five-year prison sentence under the Taft-Hartley Law, reports that he met with a ISWU official last summer when Fisher was in his recent tour of the Coast.

Fisher was indicted under the "non-Communist" affidavit provision of the Taft-Hartley Law, reports that he met with a ISWU official last summer when Fisher was in his recent tour of the Coast.

"AIMED AT STRIKE"

The indictment, trial and conviction were undoubtedly intended to help break the IWA strike and prevent a growing unity between AFL and CIO workers in the wood industry, Fisher said at the time.

A hund red and ten thousand woodworkers were on strike last summer when Fisher was indicted and he was made an object-lesson. He had signed the "affidavit for years, as an IWA official, but no attempt was made to do anything about his alleged "subversion" until the strike was on.

ADDRESSED ILWU LOCALS

Fisher spoke before ILWU locals 22 (Everett, his home town), 7 (Bellingham), 9 and 19 (Seattle), 2 (Seattle), 24 (Abbotsford), 1 (Raymond), 8 (Puyallup), 50 (Astoria), 68 (St. Helens), 12 (South Bend), 17 (Bremerton) and 10 (San Francisco).

Many of these ILWU locals, as well as the International, by order of its executive board, contributed financial as well as moral support to the woodworker.

Twen teen Cent Gain Made
By Local 26 at Drake

LOS ANGELES—On a wage opening provision of the contract ILWU Local 26 members at Drake Street won a 17 cents an hour wage increase, effective August 28.

Bridges Talks Ask Citizenship Papers

The contract further provides that if ILWU Local 6 in the San Francisco Bay Area reaches an agreement with the District Council of Northern Californ i a for a pension plan within 36 months, the Local will be allowed to give workers a full month before the application.

Other Benefits

The contract further provides that the ILWU Local 6 in the San Francisco Bay Area reaches an agreement with the District Council of Northern Californ i a for a pension plan within 36 months, the Local will be allowed to give workers a full month before the application.

Fisher spoke before ILWU locals 32 (Everett, his home town), 7 (Bellingham), 9 and 19 (Seattle), 2 (Seattle), 24 (Abbotsford), 1 (Raymond), 8 (Puyallup), 50 (Astoria), 68 (St. Helens), 12 (South Bend), 17 (Bremerton) and 10 (San Francisco).

Many of these ILWU locals, as well as the International, by order of its executive board, contributed financial as well as moral support to the woodworker.

Twen teen Cent Gain Made
By Local 26 at Drake

LOS ANGELES—On a wage opening provision of the contract ILWU Local 26 members at Drake Street won a 17 cents an hour wage increase, effective August 28.

LOS ANGELES—On a wage opening provision of the contract ILWU Local 26 members at Drake Street won a 17 cents an hour wage increase, effective August 28.

Fisher spoke before ILWU locals 32 (Everett, his home town), 7 (Bellingham), 9 and 19 (Seattle), 2 (Seattle), 24 (Abbotsford), 1 (Raymond), 8 (Puyallup), 50 (Astoria), 68 (St. Helens), 12 (South Bend), 17 (Bremerton) and 10 (San Francisco).

Many of these ILWU locals, as well as the International, by order of its executive board, contributed financial as well as moral support to the woodworker.

Twen teen Cent Gain Made
By Local 26 at Drake

LOS ANGELES—On a wage opening provision of the contract ILWU Local 26 members at Drake Street won a 17 cents an hour wage increase, effective August 28.
FRIVOLOUS FANTASTIC

Charges against individuals, the story says, are the result of the frivolous and fantastic. Accurate information on legal proceedings has been denied to the public.

ILC Ties Up NY

For Three Days

The Council meeting, said he, of the laws and promised that attorney Rowland Watts, is necessary. The testimonies of the Council meeting, said he, of the laws and promised that attorney Rowland Watts, is necessary.

3 CIO Leaders Tagged
With 'Contempt' Labels

CHICAGO — President Ralph Heinze of the United Packinghouse Workers' (UPWA) announced here that he and two associates would return to Louisiana to accept and serve a contempt citation for contempt of court issued by a New Orleans federal court.

The citations grew out of the continual efforts of the UPWA members at the Godchaux and Delmonico sugar refineries at Reserve and Gramercy, La. The union attorney explained that he would face possible maximum penalties of a $1,000 fine for each. He abstained from the alleged crime under the area's jail as injunction breakers.

TOOK A WALK

On a brief visit to the strike-torn town of Gramercy, La., he walked on a public highway with two assistants, Chuck McFarland and Sugar Refineries. A week later I was asked to leave the road by a national officer, Mr. George Anderson and William George Thomas and myself for contempt.

Every man, woman and child in St. John the Baptist parish (county) has lived under the shadow of the injunction since issuance of a restraining order of the court and for a maximum one year. McFarland was charged with the bedroomer in a tavern brawl.

Denied normal legal rights to a trial by jury under the circumstances of the war during the war. The company acquired the two men and leurs based on the walls of his home. This art, it turned out, is the easily verifiable information that had resulted in a motion to 'cite the wife as injunction breakers.'

Fraternalism is not the only menace.

In another case, where a man was charged, the press was not included in the proceedings. "Anywhere within the jurisdiction of the Justice Department, it was disclosed."

Shaken by the accusations, the soldiers were again. "The wife was that she had 'con- tinued a sympathetic association with her husband.'" The wife was that she had 'con- vinced the ability that she had a mother-in-law who was supposed to have been 'lying low near the Godchaux plant, he read: "You were closely asso-

Fraternalism is not the only menace. "A care-

In early July on a brief visit to the strike-torn town of Gramercy, La., he walked on a public highway with two assistants, Chuck McFarland and Sugar Refineries. A week later I was asked to leave the road by a national officer, Mr. George Anderson and William George Thomas and myself for contempt.

WASHINGTO N— The Washington Post and Washington Times-Herald have been awarded the Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. This is the newspaper's first Pulitzer.

Local 13 Trophies

The three football trophies di-

in 1954 strike, and continue to correspond with the ILWU Coastwise for storage.

The Odd Fellow is His Mother!

Friend Is His Mother!

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department August 23 made pub-

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Washington Post and Washington Times-Herald have been awarded the Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. This is the newspaper's first Pulitzer.

Local 13 Trophies

The three football trophies di-

in 1954 strike, and continue to correspond with the ILWU Coastwise for storage.

The Odd Fellow is His Mother!

Friend Is His Mother!

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department August 23 made pub-

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Washington Post and Washington Times-Herald have been awarded the Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. This is the newspaper's first Pulitzer.

Local 13 Trophies

The three football trophies di-

in 1954 strike, and continue to correspond with the ILWU Coastwise for storage.

The Odd Fellow is His Mother!

Friend Is His Mother!

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department August 23 made pub-

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Washington Post and Washington Times-Herald have been awarded the Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. This is the newspaper's first Pulitzer.

Local 13 Trophies

The three football trophies di-

in 1954 strike, and continue to correspond with the ILWU Coastwise for storage.

The Odd Fellow is His Mother!

Friend Is His Mother!

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department August 23 made pub-

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Washington Post and Washington Times-Herald have been awarded the Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. This is the newspaper's first Pulitzer.

Local 13 Trophies

The three football trophies di-

in 1954 strike, and continue to correspond with the ILWU Coastwise for storage.

The Odd Fellow is His Mother!

Friend Is His Mother!

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department August 23 made pub-

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Washington Post and Washington Times-Herald have been awarded the Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. This is the newspaper's first Pulitzer.

Local 13 Trophies

The three football trophies di-

in 1954 strike, and continue to correspond with the ILWU Coastwise for storage.

The Odd Fellow is His Mother!

Friend Is His Mother!

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Justice Department August 23 made pub-

The wage schedule for Stoolpigeons is Announced

WASHINGTON — The Washington Post and Washington Times-Herald have been awarded the Pulitzer Prize for distinguished reporting. This is the newspaper's first Pulitzer.

Local 13 Trophies

The three football trophies di-

in 1954 strike, and continue to correspond with the ILWU Coastwise for storage.
ILWU Local 13 Sets a Blood Donation Record

WILMINGTON — Progress is being made in the recruitment and membership development of ILWU Local 13, and a meeting was held at the local hall at 7:30 p.m., September 8, according to R. B. Rheinhardt, acting secretary-treasurer and local president. Establishment of the Scout troop has been approved by the local's Executive Board, and many members are beginning to take an active part in building the activity.

In the picture, leaders of the organization steps are, from the left, Local 13 President George Love, Harold Kart, Louis Salas, Lucky Gomez, Pete Lopez, Lou Arlan and Wal- ter Wilson. The boys in the foreground are elected prospective members of the troop, Gilbert and Rudy Salas.

Drum Strike Enters 6th Week in LA

LOS ANGELES—The strike of ILWU Local 26 members at Superior Steam and Electric Co. has entered its sixth week last Monday, and solidarity of the strikers is evidenced by the fact that they have not been broken, and that the company has not been able to get back to work.

Tom O'Malley, business agent for the strikers, said that the company has not been able to get back to work, and that the strikers have not been broken. The company has been forced to work under the terms of the collective bargaining agreement, and the strikers have been able to maintain their rights to work.

The agreement between PMA and the ILWU, which covers all of the West Coast, is now in its second year, and the strikers are happy with the results of the agreement.

Local 13 Starts a Scout Troop

ILWU Local 13 has approved the establishment of a Scout Troop, and the local's Executive Board has approved the establishment of the troop.

The Scout Troop will be supervised by the local's Scoutmaster, and the boys in the troop will be responsible for the activities of the troop. The boys will be responsible for the supervision of the activities of the troop, and will be responsible for the maintenance of the troop's equipment.

The Scout Troop will be supervised by the local's Scoutmaster, and the boys in the troop will be responsible for the activities of the troop. The boys will be responsible for the supervision of the activities of the troop, and will be responsible for the maintenance of the troop's equipment.

Local 13 in Program for US Peace

SEATTLE — The membership of ILWU Local 9, on August 9, unanimously approved a program before Congress, which is aimed at the reduction of nuclear arms and the cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.

The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons. The program is designed to bring about a reduction of nuclear arms, and to bring about a cessation of all forms of nuclear weapons.
in 1945. The informer, upon cross-examination, retreated from his "positive" knowledge of Miss Rystad's alleged membership.

The Rystads have two children, who live at home. The Local 8 action was taken unanimously at a step-meeting.

**Local 8 Asks Ike Help in Tuna Crisis**

PORTLAND, Ore.–ILWU Local 8, under signature of its Secretary-Treasurer, James J. Leary, July 15, wrote to President Eisenhower, Secretary of State John Foster Dulles, and all Oregon senators and representatives in behalf of the Joint Labor Committee of Workers & Fishermen, - an organization which was supervised by a union and the election which precipitated the outbreak of labor-management strife. It was estimated that it would take a month for the labor-management dispute to be settled.

Leary warned that time was running short, explained that the fisherfolk were being starved, and said that the nation was losing millions of dollars each week.

**Pays $200–Gives $200**

This is Ed Johnson, ILWU Local 10 member who has been a sailor and longshoreman, boy and man, for 37 years. He is only 68 years old and was a member of the 1934 maritime strike and involved in San Francisco labor troubles. He has been employed by the Maritime Defense League of America for 40 years. He is a member of the ILWU Local 10.

He has been a carpenter, a mechanic, a longshoreman, and a sailor. He has been in the navy, and he has been employed by the Maritime Defense League of America for 40 years. He is a member of the ILWU Local 10.

**Dockers: Let This Strike Be a Warning**

LONGVIEW, Wash. – ILWU longshoremen who sometimes jump off the ships during a strike with a gun in their shell veins will be warned of the consequences of their action if they oppose the joint labor committee's request to reopen the case.

The request was made by the Joint Labor Committee of Workers & Fishermen, - a group which was organized in negotiations by ILWU Local 8.

This is the twenty-seventh sugar plantation organized by the ILWU, which has more than 1,000 members. The ILWU was supervised by a representative of the federal government.

**Local 124 Man Goes to Portugal**

HONOLULU – Sixty-five-year- old John Pantele, foreman of the Kohala Sugar Co., Kohala, is the first to repatriate to Portugal after the 1948 maritime strike and involved in San Francisco trouble. He has been employed by the Maritime Defense League of America for 40 years. He is a member of the ILWU Local 10.

He has been a carpenter, a mechanic, a longshoreman, and a sailor. He has been in the navy, and he has been employed by the Maritime Defense League of America for 40 years. He is a member of the ILWU Local 10.

**Local 134 President Dies**

New York City – The death of George Pestrelle, formerly of Belen, a longshoreman who has been a sailor and longshoreman, boy and man, for 37 years, was announced here today. He has been employed by the Maritime Defense League of America for 40 years. He is a member of the ILWU Local 10.

He has been a carpenter, a mechanic, a longshoreman, and a sailor. He has been in the navy, and he has been employed by the Maritime Defense League of America for 40 years. He is a member of the ILWU Local 10.

**Kauai Plantation Is Organized**

KAUAI, T. H. – Plantation workers of the Kauai Plantation Cooperative, union and the election which precipitated the outbreak of labor-management strife. It was estimated that it would take a month for the labor-management dispute to be settled.

Leary warned that time was running short, explained that the fisherfolk were being starved, and said that the nation was losing millions of dollars each week.

**Calif.'s Handling of Jobless Pay Law Is Under Hot Fire**

SAN FRANCISCO — Hearings have been held here, August 10, on the question as to whether the State of California is living up to federal standards in administering its unemployment insurance law.

The hearings were called by the Secretary of Labor, who said that he thought it was necessary to go to the states and see if they were living up to the federal standards.

The long delay in this case's coming to a head, from 1918 to 1935, is thanks to Senator Knowland.

If the Secretary of Labor, on the basis of the recent hearing, holds California out of conformity with the federal law, that fact will be brought to the attention of Congress through Mr. Knowland's office, upheld its interpretation of the recent hearing.

The cases which were under consideration arose out of the 1938 maritime strike and involved some 10 members of the Maritime Defense Union and the Maritime trade union.

The Kauai Plantation Cooperative, union and the election which was under consideration arose out of the 1938 maritime strike and involved some 10 members of the Maritime Defense Union and the Maritime trade union.

The cases which were under consideration arose out of the 1938 maritime strike and involved some 10 members of the Maritime Defense Union and the Maritime trade union.

The cases which were under consideration arose out of the 1938 maritime strike and involved some 10 members of the Maritime Defense Union and the Maritime trade union.

The cases which were under consideration arose out of the 1938 maritime strike and involved some 10 members of the Maritime Defense Union and the Maritime trade union.

The cases which were under consideration arose out of the 1938 maritime strike and involved some 10 members of the Maritime Defense Union and the Maritime trade union.
San Jose, Calif., lies in the heart of fruit country and Security Warehouse and Cold Storage Company there stores the ripened fruit in cold chambers as it is picked and ships it out by truck or rail as canneries need it. This time of year the heavy runs are pears (top left) and peaches (bottom right). Workers in the plant are members of ILWU Local 11. Those driving jitneys in and out of the refrigerated chambers dress like Eskimos.
Pensioners Picnic

Over 350 ILWU pensioners, their wives, friends, girl-friends, children and grandchildren enjoyed picnics last week. In one instance the children on the waterfront, detailing news of their family, a and are being still reported—and a full report will be issued soon.

Hawaiian Dock Clerks Put Out a Lively Educational Publication

HONOLULU, T. H.—Unit 62 (what clinics) of ILWU Local 142 here has had an educational committee of its own for the past two years. The unit currently has 62 members.

One of the major activities of the committee is the monthly publication of a 4 and 5 page mimeographed newspaper, titled Reporter-62.

The clerks’ publication “covers the waterfront, illustrated with appropriate and witty cartoons. When one of the Unit 62 committee, Katherine Park, who says: “With out his guidance and advice, the committee may not have known where and how to start.”

“Reporter 62” carries occasional book reviews, reports on pending sports events in the Islands, personal notes, vital statistics and other items of interest to the membership of the unit.

Local 13 Credit Union

Local 13 Finances News Cars

WILMINGTON — A new service recently extended to its members by the ILWU Local 13 Credit Union is the financing of new automobiles of certain makes. In addition, the cars are purchased through facilities of the Credit Union at substantial savings. Members are asked to get in touch with the Credit Union office for complete information.

San Francisco — Simeon Kamaka was represented in

Page 8 September 2, 1955

On the March

By J. R. (Bob) Robertson

WE USE the WORD democracy in speaking of our country, and it means the rule of the people. But democrcacy is not something that stands still or is always the same. It grows and thrives if the people are actively involved in their government; and it shrinks and contracts if they're not.

That is why, and particularly today, ILWU and all its offices and all its members have an immediate task to perform, and that is to become more active in the affairs of our country, on a local, state, national and even an international level.

And we have an opportunity, right now, in the fact that Congress has adjourned and our senators and representatives are in their home states for the summer.

These people are supervisors and if they are to do the job effectively, it is high time that we got to know them—personally—and they get to know us and our union.

A GOOD DEAL of time and newspaper has been spent, both at our meeting places and in this union paper, discussing the dangers of the Brownell-Butler Law and how it will no doubt be used to attack ILWU.

The charges of it being used to gear us are greater now, especially in view of the fact that the Justice Department has lost its most recent attempt to begin our union—when it lost the Fifth Birthday case.

And that is why it is safe to say that the next attack on our union will be the largest yet. This new attack will involve the leveling of charges against our entire membership—not merely against some of our leaders.

We now have to do what we did in the beginning. We must mobilize every local of the union in its full strength, to make contact with our representatives in Congress in order to bring them to our union halls, where they can see first-hand what we are and how we operate.

And this means that every West Coast senator and representative should be contacted and invited to visit us. We should take them into our hiring halls; into our local meet- ing rooms; bring them to meet our local officers not only with these officers, but with rank and file members as well.

Only in this way can they become acquainted with our union and how it functions; and it goes without saying that if we do this, ILWU will be something more than a name to them, something more than a label and a legend, and it will be more difficult for any demagogue to scare anybody with our name or reputation.

WHEN YOU MEET people, you get to know them and you discover that they are not necessarily angels or devils. It is a matter of politics. This is true of our senators and representatives and rank and file workers.

But this job of meeting our congressmen cannot be done merely by thinking about it and talking about it; it requires organization, and the time element is very important.

We have to begin where they are, work out a way to contact them, and how to get them committed to a program of getting our congressmen to “meet the people” of the ILWU.

This is one way to capitalize on the great victory we won in the fifth Bridge case.

Our Washington Representative, Jeff Kirbey, has spent some time on the West Coast and has met with a number of local groups. He has outlined in detail to them the organization necessary to take full advantage of this situation. The follow through rests in the hands of our local of- ficers and members.

San Francisco — Simon (Kamaka, chairman for Local 6 ILWU, recently benefited from a $9,000 settlement in a claimed damages suit, which arose from his having been knocked down by a pedestrian's crosswalk on January 15, 1954, by a Red & White ferry boat, at the intersection of Columbus Avenue and Broadway in San Francisco. He suffered a dislo- cated shoulder.

Kamaka is a former ship stowage, who immediately prior to the accident had been working on the San Francisco waterfront. As a result of the settlement, Kamaka is now receiving $9 a week in industrial permunaries at the Ninth Street and Com- mercial Street Headquarters of Local 6 ILWU.

Kamaka was represented in settlement negotiations by the general counsel for ILWU Local 6, the law firm of McMurry, Brokaw, Walker, Bancroft & Top- per.