Circuit Judges Okay Frame Against ILWU; Hawaii and Coast Members Demonstrate

There is a Shortage of Oil and Steel, or There Isn't — Who Knows?

Anger on Waterfront: A resolution of protest against refusal of the US Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals to reverse the framed convictions of ILWU President Harry Bridges, First Vice President J. R. Robertson and International Board Member Henry Schmidt was not enough to satisfy the rank and file when it was introduced before Local 10 in San Francisco, September 8. A motion from the floor amended the resolution to order a stop work meeting for September 10. Work ceased on the morning of September 10 and did not resume until the morning of September 11. Bridges is shown above with part of the attendance at the stopwork meeting which was held in front of the San Francisco hiring hall at Pier 18. All Hawaiian ILWU members stopped work for 24 hours on September 8. Other stoppages held or voted up to Dispatcher press time were by San Pedro, Portland and Bellingham, Wash., longshoremen.

Who Said It?
The record in this case will stand forever as a monument to man's intolerance of man.

(Turn to Back Page for Name of Author)
Bridges Hits Decision
As Attack on the Union

SAN FRANCISCO — ILWU President Harry Bridges made this comment on the opinion handed down by the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit:

"When this opinion began it was an attack upon the union and its strength and unity, which have brought about some of the best wages and working conditions in the country for its members.

"In 1944 I was told by representatives of National CIO and Philip Murray that I must support and defend the union, and the deputizing of S. B. Truman for re-election, or else, I was told point-blank that if I refused to mean that deportation proceedings would be instituted against me for the fourth time by the Department of Justice, and that I would be standing the decision of the Supreme Court of the United States in my favor and against deportation in 1945.

"I was made very clear to me that the Department of Justice would follow a policy of protecting friends and supporters of the Truman administration against the unpalatable conclusion that they were facing in the United States Supreme Court, and that in my case, there was never any conspiracy or crime committed.

"There was opposition to the union to accepting economic and political dictation from politicians and labor leaders in Washington.

"This latent step in the continuing anti-union prosecution by the Department of Justice makes it knuckle under or to change its program of following economic and political policy as determined by the vote of its membership."
No Ordinary Case:

When they handed down their 70-page opinion in the Bridges, Robertson, Schmidt case (see front), the court of appeals for the Ninth Circuit considered it no ordinary occasion. An NLRB's three-judge panel met for half an hour to hear the ILWU President and first vice president address the assembled delegates. The ILWU President and Robertson, Schmidt case, the court will stop us from carrying out our job. We plan for the future. If this is refused, we will refuse to be pushed around; more than any other union, precisely because it has refused to follow politicians in Washington or anywhere else. No decisions by any court will stop us from carrying out our job.

Calling on the 300 delegates to the warehouse convention to assist the court's decision, the ILWU President said:

"If this morning's decision has in any way scarred any member of this union, it has served its purpose. Bridges, Schmidt and I, he said, "are not going to let the attack stop us from upholding the dignity of workmen around the world."

The delegates voted to elect Pedro Dockers as the new leader of the ILWU.

Opinion Studied: ILWU First Vice President J. R. Robertson and Mrs. Nancy Bridges look on as Harry Bridges peruses the only available copy of the 90-page opinion handed down by three judges of the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit September 7. The opinion, ignoring contrary opinions of the Supreme Court and other court opinions, upheld the frame-up conspiracy-parjury conviction of Bridges, Robertson, and Henry Schmidt. Said attorneys for the three: "We are glad of the decision. It shows we have been right all along."
Flashin; cameramen kept the court room illuminated while reporters scribbled hasty notes on Harry Bridges' comments when the verdict against him was returned on April 4, 1950. "We will fight this one through," Bridges said. Such is still the determination of the union as the case heads for the Supreme Court.

THE CRIME

James Stephens, of the Circuit Court, opined into a str...
Bridges is a Communist!

The very lack of "caution" which Dean Landis praised, the Appeals judges found sinister. Yet he warned, "If any man say to a witness, 'You stand, swear to the truth, and the judges find the proof of guilt in the fact that, as they put it, he was "lacking in caution.""

The three Appeals judges said that the evidence of perjury was "irretrievably proofed" by the government witnesses. protesting "that thoroughgoing impartiality which is the ideal." And that is all they say.

In his 1936 opinion that Bridges was not a Communist, Judge George B. Harris wrote that Bridges was "a man on the witness stand, sworn to tell the truth, and the judges find the proof of guilt in the fact that, as they put it, he was "lacking in caution.""

The three Appeals judges cited the decision of Judge George B. Harris toward the three defendants as to their guilt. They wrote: "... the evidence of perjury was "irretrievably proofed" by the government witnesses. protesting "that thoroughgoing impartiality which is the ideal."

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If the cited case must be construed to mean that "false swearing," it is a simple fact that there is not a single case on record of anyone ever going to jail for such a crime the 3-year period has passed.

In interpreting the statute (the Wartime Suspension Act) to make it fit the Bridges case when it did not fit Marzani, Obermeier, Davis or Worley cases or a host of others, Judges Stephens, Bome and Pope note that the law is not spelled out to indicate whether or not it applies to such "fraud" as the defendants are accused of having committed.

If the cited case must be construed to mean that "fraud" must be spelled out literally in the statute, then obviously Bridges cannot be convicted.

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And that is all they say.

Even more crucial was the celebrated instance where two government stool-pigeons testified that Bridges was in New York being elected to the Central Committee of the Communist Party, and that they saw him there. The date was 1936.

The defense introduced evidence which the Appeals Court itself stated: "... established, apparently beyond controversy, that at the very time of the 1936 convention... Bridges was in Stockton, California, making a speech at a union meeting."

If this is true, and it was so proved, then the two stool-pigeons (Paul Crouch and Manning Johnson) were unmitigated liars and perjurers and not only should they have been prosecuted and thrown out and they themselves prosecuted for perjury, but the very fact that they were government witnesses should have damaged the government's case irretrievably.

There were not prosecuted; their evidence was not thrown out and all that Appeals judges Stephens, Bome and Pope have to say about this scandalous incident is this:

"We do not feel called upon to speculate as to whether the evidence of perjury has been misconstrued as to his presence there (New York), or whether the defendant's Bridges' presence in Stockton conclusively demonstrates the hard test, money relating to the 1936 convention... was false."

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Ovation: ILWU President Harry Bridges and First Vice President J. R. (Bob) Robertson, framoups victims, received an ovation September 6 as they were escorted to the platform of the Warehouse & Distribution convention held in San Francisco just after the United States Court of Appeals handed down a decision denying the appeal of Bridges, Robertson and Henry Schmidt from their conviction on a framed perjury-conspiracy indictment in 1950. The case goes next to the Supreme Court, Delegates to the Local 6 convention adopted a motion condemning the appeal court's opinion, and reaffirming full support to their International leadership.

WAREHOUSE & DISTRIBUTION

Organizing by Local 26

An all-out campaign to bring Berg Metals, one of the large scrap yards in the area, back into ILWU Local 26 resulted in the enrollment of 122 authorization cards from a total of 164 employees and current hearings before the NLRB on the local's petition for an election.

AFL Teamsters local 278 had signed a back-a-hand contract with the company in July, 1949, while Local 26 members were out on strike. The Teamster contract ranged from 3 to 10 cents as hour under the then current ILWU rate, and in recent negotiations with the scrap industry Local 26 signed for a 15 cent increase.

Company officials state that is they have a contract with the company, President P. M. Berg, identified during current hearings that there is no contract in effect.

Chet Meke, International Representative, in charge of organization at Berg Metals.

Roise At West. Compress

Although negotiations on vacations and paid holidays continue between ILWU Local 26, Los Angeles, and Western Compress, the company agreed to a 34 cent an hour increase in wages, bringing the range in pay from $2.10 to $2.40 an hour, and to the employer, paid Warehousemen's Health and Welfare Plan.

The new contract, which includes seniority, improved grievance procedure, and annual wage openings during the three-year agreement.

In the event a satisfactory agreement cannot be reached.

もらって strike is on wages.

The strike opens reservations to the union members who are in the agreement.

Satisfaction cannot be reached.

Approximately 400 members of Local 26 working at McCanson & Balch, Armstrong Drugs, Morgan & Sampson and Brumwell are covered by the contract. Warehousemen are located in North Hollywood, Los Angeles and San Diego.

For the woollen union shop, improved seniority clause, improved grievance procedure, and annual wage openings during the three-year agreement cannot be reached.

Two ILWU Men Catch Big Fish, It Says Here

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A contract with a group of compress operators has been signed by ILWU Local 207 in New Orleans. The local won a 10 cent an hour general wage increase, a union shop agreement, improved vacation clause and other gains.

Wage Hike in Scrap

The last three holdouts against scrap industry pattern of 15 cents an hour wage increase gave in last week, making agreements with ILWU Local 26, Los Angeles, and Japanese negotiations in that industry.

Late Gatlin, Ray Johnson, H. Thomas, Joe Aruna and Columbus Nichols, assisted by Business Agent By Oke.

ILWU Warehouse Local 6 convention held in San Francisco September 6.

The ladies of ILWU Auxiliary furnished the lunch for the delegates to the Local 6 convention and San Francisco September 6. The ladies of ILWU Auxiliary furnished the lunch for the delegates to the Local 6 convention and San Francisco September 6.

Law Suit Dropped

The $20,000 damage suit filed against ILWU Local 26 by the wholesale drug industry of Los Angeles was withdrawn last week as a part of a new agreement negotiated between the union and the Big Four. The employers' requisition foremen, strike shippers, and shippers, injection was also dropped.

The new contract calls for the union shop, improved seniority clause, improved grievance procedure, and annual wage openings during the three-year agreement.

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**Docks & Terminials**

**Shipsiders Win Hike**

A 10-cent an hour increase in wages and other benefits were won for more than 150 members of ILWU Local 56, Shipsiders and Painters of San Pedro, in negotiations completed last week.

**VACATION IMPROVED**

Vacation provisions were improved for the first time in five years. The hours of work in one year entitles the worker to five days vacation with pay; 900 hours, six days, and 1,200 hours, ten days.

The meaning scale on inside room and bed was revised to allow two men to a bed, formerly, the rule had no relief.

Negotiators for the local, which is predominantly Mexican-American, were Tom Palacio, secretary of Local 56, Victor Gonzalez, Luis Andino, Refugio Fernandez, Bartolo Escarria and Guillermo Grageda. ILWU Southern California Regional Director William S. Lawrence acted as spokesmen for the group.

Companies with which the contract was signed are Martin Ship Service, California Ship Service, and Crosby and Overton Ship Maintenance.

With the negotiated increase, wages range from $1.74 to $2.15 an hour.

**Astoria Dockers Protested**

Astoria (Wash.) longshoremen who belong to ILWU Local 59, have received unexpected praise from E. R. McGrath, president of the Presidential Steamship Corporation of this city.

In a letter to the Astoria Evening Budget, Mr. McGrath expressed appreciation for the public given to the loading of the Astoria longshoremen, and if you could pass this credit to them in one of your issues, we would appreciate it, as the Astoria longshoremen deserve this compliment.

"Were it not for the efficient and experienced longshoremen tightly stowing the vessel, a re- turn to sea would have been impossible," Mr. McGrath's letter concludes.

**Local 207 Demands Rent Survey in N.O.**

NEW ORLEANS—ILWU Local 207 (warehouse and distribution workers) here has taken the initiative in demanding a rent survey in New Orleans to determine the number and condition of rent units available for colored in this southern city.

In a letter to New Orleans Mayor DeLespine Morrison, Albert J. Taylor, recording secretary of the local, they asked the city on demand as a matter of rent control consideration to give the municipal authorities information on the plight of colored people in this city.

"In most cases," they said, "you are required to pay as much for one room as the white pay for an apartment. Taylor wrote. "They are required in some cases from seven to ten dollars per week for any kind of run-down and rat-infested room. We would like to see a complete survey made of the rent units in the city available for colored, and see the condition they are in, the rent charged and the scarcity of housing."

Rent control in New Orleans as throughout the nation—is scheduled to expire on Sept. 30.

**Court Decision Widely Protested**

(Continued from Page 3)

ILWU who have been persecuted by the present administration.

Harry Bridges, who emerged as a rank and file organizer in 1948, has been under continuous persecution ever since he has remained on the docks without doing anything that the union would have wished.

And had he rubber-stamped every act of President Truman, the CIO and the Taft-Hartleyites he would not be here as a leader in the labor movement any longer.

Harry Bridges represents the spirit of the working people of our country, a spirit of unity militance and determination constantly and continuously advancing the cause of trade-unionism, and, thus the cause of racial equality and trade union democracy.

The working people of our land must never let bridges like Bridges nor his fellow-officers go to jail. It is our duty to defend them and to the defense of all unions and all workers.

**Pat's Boy Gets Licked**

RENO—In one of the most astonishing upsets in American political history, the elected president of the independent union for years for reinstatement. September 5, Lundeberg said it by lAindeberg's "organizers."

ONE OF DIRTY 12 Bryson president of the independent union for years for reinstatement. September 5, Lundeberg said it by lAindeberg's "organizers."

**Harry 'Lunchbox' Having Trouble With His Goons, Not to Mention Others**

SAN FRANCISCO—There is an astoundingly honest man profit by the lack of ambition of the confidence gamblers. Last week (September 4) in the course of an interview, Mr. McCarra, an ex-officio director of Harry Lundieger's, Moore, Mank Kap- lanski, offered that "Lundieger's," and he said he said he had spent out of his own pocket in behalf of his former pal, plus $2,500 in legal fees.

Kaplan said he had a "verbal contract" with Lundieger to or- ganize "a right-wing drive" inside the Marine Cooks & Stewards Union. In the interest of this disruptive job, Kaplan says he spent the credit grand out of his own pocket, and Lundieger promised Kaplan, in return for his efforts, $2,500 in legal fees.

Kaplan is one of the so-called "Dirty Dozen" who were expelled from MHS in 1945, and used the union for years in retaliation for what they were forced to do. They were finally ordered reinstated by the courts. The $2,500, Kaplan, represents legal fees he had to pay in order to get reinstated, and he wants Lundieger to pay for that, too.

In the course of his complaint, filed with the court last week, Kaplan also alleged that after his expulsion from MHS, "Lundieger ordered and instructed" that Kaplan "employ goons to do the best they can do to beat up and possibly kill" Bryan Griner, the president of the Indep- endent Cooks union.

LUNDEGER TRENCHER

In a statement to the press on September 5, Lundieger said it isn't so, denied that Kaplan had ever told him to do anything, and charged he was suing "to discredit my union."

He issued a counter-claim that the MCHC instigated Kaplan's suit. But nobody need be so surprised, since Kaplan, "instigated" to sue Lundieger, as to mention others.

**Several men are doing the job:**

The first is the very brave and very talented actor and writer, King Joe. He has been known by the South Biennial International Conven- tion, the State Crime Commission, has tossed a bombshell into the domain of "King" Joe Ryan, presidential candidate of the International Longshoremen's As- sociation.

According to the N. Y. P. M. Commission of September 4, the bank directors of Ryan's bank, including two of his henchmen, have all been arrested for an "inquiry into the trucking and shipping industries," and one of them is by Richard Carter.

Carter did a long series of exposés of the Ryan kingdom for the past year. Among those says whose bank accounts have been frozen wishes to examine, in addition to Ryan are:

**RYAN MEN PROBED**

John (Jack) Adams, former asso- ciate of the convicted Gangster John 'Cockey' Dunn, who was a heroin trafficker in the Anastasias, boss of the waterfront rackets in Brooklyn and a Ryan cynosure; Anthony Anastasia, strike- breaker and hiring boss for Jarka's Optical Company in Los Angeles; John O'Connor, alleged to be lying low out of fear of execution, with whom is Harold Row- ers, HLA organizer; his brother Mickey, former Red boss in HLA ILA; Mike Giovannini, former member of the Local 56; Paddy Connolly, former head of Local 59, now Ryan's man in New Orleans; and James McCormack, named as "Mr. Big," a rackets man and a former leader of the I. O. D., as well as the Anastasia, and a power in HLA; Mike Giovannini, former member of the Local 56; Paddy Connolly, former head of Local 59, now Ryan's man in New Orleans; and James McCormack, named as "Mr. Big."

**Nominations Open in Hawaii**

HONOLULU, T. H. — Nominations opened today for the newly consolidated ILWU locals in the Islands since the new organization, September 5, Territory-wide elections that will determine the makeup of the new local will be held from October 15 to 30.

A long-sought goal in the Ter- ritory, the consolidation of all ILWU locals in Hawaii and all miscellaneous locals into one big unit has been achieved. (Sugar and pineapple locals, 145; sugar and pineapple workers, 150 and 155; ware- housemen, 1,000; stevedores, 1,000; other workers, 150,000; total, 150,000.)

When officers are elected and installed, former ILWU Locals 150 and 155 (ware- housemen), 145 (sugar and pineapple workers), 150 and 155 (ware- housemen), all will constitute one council.

Ballots are being mailed out to all members of the newly consolidated ILWU locals in the Islands since the new organization, the election will be held in San Francisco in April of next year.
Now It Is a Crime to Associate With Your Own Father, No Less

HONOLULU, T. H. - What looks like a new crime: "guilt by relationship," was uncovered here in July when the case of a screened marine fireman came up for appeal before the Coast Guard Court of Appeals.

The young man, unnamed in the case, was the son of a Korean ancestry. He had just returned from the Far East where he was a sailor in the American Army and was wounded.

He had applied for validated papers to resume his career as a marine fireman, and been deceived.

On appeal, after denying all motions for affiliation with the Communist Party or its political philosophy, the court, upon the request of the father, was asked if the father was a Communist.

"I have never been a Communist," the father said.

"Now that he has served his country he wants to do some good for the United States," the investigator continued.

"And as a son of a patriot," the father said, "I want to get back to work." His case was postponed to a later date.

Local 26 Meet For October 4th

LOS ANGELES - The fourth annual CIO Marches On is scheduled to be held Saturday, October 4, at the Park View Hotel, 1100 West Adams.

The meeting is sponsored by the U.S. Steel Strike Committe, the CIO Marches On Dept.

A post-convention dance will be held after the delegates actaulize their particular.

CIO Marches On Dept.

Pat McCarran Will Now Investigate Maritime Unions

WASHINGTON, D.C. — The announcement that Senator Pat McCarran and his Investigating Committee would soon start a search for "subversives" in the maritime industry marks the latest in a series of investigations of trade unions.

The committee has already released a report on the Communications Union, on the Radio Writers Guild, and on the retail and wholesale unions in New York City. Meanwhile hearings have already been scheduled for Salt Lake City and all of the states of the Nine, Mill and Smelter Workers' Unions. Likewise, hearings will be held based on information presented to the committee.

The hunt seems to be going into high gear.

HOLDS PEAR E PROTEST

WASHINGTON, D.C. — Chairman of the committee is unquestionably, the most powerful man in the Senate today. His union investigations are but one of the many ways his power is manifested. As the chairman of the Senate Judiciary Committee his approval is required before the appointment of any federal judge, mar- shal, and district attorney. In fact it is known that any senator has to pass out of his Senate after McCarran's hands if his name is to be considered for any judicial appointment. Senator Pat McCarran's committee records are to be utilized for the entire federal court system.

This is a Senator with the power where it pays off.

A few months ago, when the graft and corruption stench became too strong in Washington, Senator Truman decided to sacrifice Attorney General Howard McGrath on the Altar of the public interest. Shortly afterwards, Attorney General McGrath, who had been questioned by Senator McCarran, resigned. And then the White House made up its mind to leave it alone.

What happens now? What happens next?

Putting aside the names which the committee is going to be forced to let go to jail, it is plain that the committee is going to have to go on.

Another salutary fact about the labor unions is that the courts and the political philosophy of communism are the only way to make a profit, and that is where Senator Pat McCarran's committee is going to be forced to go. Senator Pat McCarran's committee is going to be forced to go on.

The committee, in my opinion, was right. Senator Pat McCarran was right. Senator Pat McCarran's committee was right. Senator Pat McCarran's committee was right.

And the slightly doctored testimony by Kelley that Pat McCarran was right. Senator Pat McCarran was right. Senator Pat McCarran's committee was right.

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